

FILED
CLERK OF COURT

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF GUAM

2026 MAR 25 AM 11:12

PEOPLE OF GUAM,

Criminal Case No. CF0023-22 COURT
GPD Report Nos. 22-0019 GUAM

v.

JACKSON J5 SIREN
(aka J5 MANACHONG)
(aka JACKSON SIREN),
DOB: 05/31/1999 or 05/31/1998 or 05/31/1996

DECISION AND ORDER
REVOKING
DEFENDANT'S PROBATION

Defendant.

INTRODUCTION

This matter came before the Honorable Alberto C. Lamorena, III on January 30, 2026 for a Revocation Hearing in the above-captioned matter related to Jackson J5 Siren's (aka J5 Manachong's) (aka Jackson Siren's) ("Defendant's") failure to abide by his probationary terms. Defendant was represented by Assistant Public Defender William Jones. The People of Guam were represented by Assistant Attorney General Lucas Wood. Having duly considered the Parties' briefs, oral arguments, and the applicable law, the Court now issues the following Decision and Order Revoking Defendant's Probation.

BACKGROUND

On May 9, 2022, Defendant entered a deferred plea of guilty to Family Violence (as a Misdemeanor). See Order After Hearing (May 19, 2022). An Order After Hearing was entered imposing the following relevant conditions of probation:

- **MANDATORY REPORTING:** Defendant shall report to the Adult Probation Office once a month in person, or as ordered by the Court or the Probation Office.
- **COUNSELING/TREATMENT:** Defendant shall report to Client Services and Family Counseling (CSFC) with the Superior Court of Guam for intake and assessment. Defendant shall follow all treatment recommendations including

1 psychological evaluation, psychiatric evaluation, drug and alcohol evaluation, and
2 individual, group, and family counseling.

- 3 • **COUNSELING/TREATMENT:** Defendant shall undergo and successfully complete
4 a Parenting class and an Anger and Stress Management Program, as selected by the
5 Court.
- 6 • **FINE:** Defendant shall pay a fine of one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) plus court costs
7 of eighty dollars (\$80.00). All or part of the fine imposed may be converted to
8 community service at the current prevailing minimum wage.
- 9 • **HARRASSING OR HARMING VICTIM:** Defendant shall not harass, threaten,
10 physically strike, or injure Pinaklata Ichiro (“Victim”).
- 11 • **LAWS:** Defendant shall obey all federal and local laws of Guam.
- 12 • **COURT ORDERS:** Defendant shall comply with any court orders entered against
13 Defendant, including orders of family court or any other local or federal court of
14 competent jurisdiction.

15 Id.

16 On December 28, 2022, a Violation Report was filed indicating that Defendant had not
17 reported to the Adult Probation Office in several months and also failed to report to CSFC for his
18 scheduled intake/assessment. See Violation Report (Dec. 28, 2022).

19 On November 17, 2023, another Violation Report was filed indicating that Defendant again
20 hadn’t been reporting to the Adult Probation Office as required. See Violation Report (Nov. 17, 2023).
21 It was also reported that Defendant wasn’t attending his CSFC programs and failed to make any
22 progress on paying off his fine and court costs. Id.

23 On December 20, 2023, a Summons was issued and subsequently served to Defendant for his
24 appearance at a Further Proceedings hearing scheduled for January 3, 2024. See Summons (Dec. 20,
25 2023); Affidavit of Service (Dec. 28, 2023). However, Defendant disobeyed the Court’s orders and
26 failed to appear at that hearing. See Minute Entry (Jan. 3, 2024).

27 On January 10, 2024, another Violation Report was filed indicating that Defendant was
28 arrested and charged with Family Violence (as a Misdemeanor), Unlawful Restraint (as a

1 Misdemeanor), and Harassment (as a Petty Misdemeanor) in CM0011-24. See Violation Report (Jan.
2 10, 2024). The victim in that case was Pinaklata Ichiro, who Defendant was already conditioned not
3 to harass or harm. Id.

4 On March 21, 2025, another Violation Report was filed indicating that Defendant failed to
5 attend his required CSFC programs and also failed to attend his required Anger and Stress
6 Management Program. See Violation Report (Mar. 21, 2025).

7 On December 17, 2025, the People filed their Motion to Revoke Defendant's Probation
8 ("Motion"). The People base their request on Defendant's non-compliance with numerous probation
9 conditions. See Motion (Dec. 17, 2025).

10 On January 8, 2026, Defendant filed his Opposition to Motion ("Opposition"). Defendant
11 claims he can complete the conditions of his probation if given another chance. See Opposition (Jan.
12 8, 2026).

13 On January 30, 2026, the Court held a Revocation Hearing and subsequently took the matter
14 under advisement. See Minute Entry (Jan. 30, 2026).

15 DISCUSSION

16 Guam law specifies the procedures that the Court must follow for revocation of probation.

17 The relevant statute, in its entirety, states as follows:
18

19 [T]he court, if satisfied that the offender has inexcusably failed to comply with a
20 substantial requirement imposed as a condition of the order may revoke the
21 suspension or probation and sentence or re-sentence the offender. Violation of a
22 condition shall not result in revocation, however, unless the court determines that
revocation under all the circumstances then existing will best satisfy the ends of
justice and the best interests of the public.

23 See 9 G.C.A. § 80.66(a)(2) (1980).

24 The process for revoking an offender's probation has been further explained by the Guam
25 Supreme Court as follows:

26 Probation revocation is a two-step process. First, the trial court must make a factual
27 determination that a violation of probation actually has occurred. If a violation is
28 proven, then the Court must determine if the violation warrants revocation of the
probation.

1 See *People of Guam v. Camacho*, 2009 Guam 6 ¶ 27 (internal citations omitted). To revoke a
2 defendant’s probation, evidence and facts presented to the Court must be “reasonably necessary to
3 satisfy the judge that the probationer’s conduct has not been as required by the conditions of
4 probation.” Id. at ¶ 30 (*citing People v. Angoco*, 1998 Guam 10).

6 The Court also cannot order revocation unless the offender is provided with written notice
7 of grounds for revocation of probation. See 9 G.C.A. § 80.68(a). At the hearing, the offender shall
8 “have the right to hear and controvert the evidence against him, to offer evidence in his defense and
9 to be represented by counsel.” Id. Should the Court revoke an offender’s probation, “it may impose
10 on the offender any sentence that might have been imposed originally for the crime of which he
11 was convicted.” See 9 G.C.A. § 80.66(b).

13 It remains undisputed that Defendant violated his probation conditions and that there is
14 probable cause to support the violations. Defendant routinely went long periods without reporting
15 to the Adult Probation Office despite being ordered to do so every month. See Violation Reports
16 (Dec. 28, 2022 & Nov. 17, 2023). Defendant also disobeyed this Court’s orders by failing to appear
17 at required court proceedings. See Minute Entry (Jan. 3, 2024). Defendant also routinely skipped
18 his required counseling and treatment sessions at both CSFC and the Anger and Stress Management
19 Program. See Violation Reports (Dec. 28, 2022 & Nov. 17, 2023 & Mar. 21, 2025). Most alarming
20 of all, Defendant failed to follow the laws of Guam and got himself arrested in CM0011-24 for
21 harassing the same Victim that he was ordered not to harass in this case. See Violation Report (Jan.
22 10, 2024).

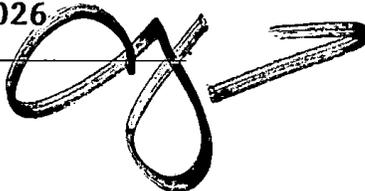
25 Having found that Defendant was in violation of his probation requirements, the next
26 question the Court must resolve is whether “revocation under all the circumstances . . . will best
27 satisfy the ends of justice and the best interests of the public.” See 9 G.C.A. § 80.66(a)(2).
28

1 Based on a review of the record, Defendant has exhausted the trust of the Court by violating
2 numerous probationary conditions. Defendant routinely violated the same conditions of probation
3 by his failures to report to the Adult Probation Office and attend his counseling and treatment
4 sessions. Defendant also demonstrated his unwillingness to follow this Court's orders when he
5 disobeyed the Court's summons, suggesting he won't comply with future orders from this Court or
6 the Adult Probation Office.
7

8 Were probation continued, it appears unlikely that any significant progress would be made
9 in positively altering Defendant's behavior and ensuring compliance with the Court's orders.
10 Therefore, the Court finds that revocation is in the public's best interest and satisfies the ends of
11 justice. See 9 GCA § 80.66(a)(2).
12

13 **CONCLUSION**

14 For the reasons stated above, the Court hereby **REVOKES** the Defendant's probation in the
15 above-captioned matter. The Defendant is hereby **SENTENCED** to **one (1) year incarceration** at
16 the Department of Corrections, Mangilao with credit for time served. After the completion of the
17 Defendant's sentence the Court shall close the above-captioned case.
18

19 **IT IS SO ORDERED** this March 25, 2026
20 

21
22 **HONORABLE ALBERTO C. LAMORENA III**
23 **Presiding Judge, Superior Court of Guam**

24 **SERVICE VIA EMAIL**
I acknowledge that an electronic
copy of the original was e-mailed to:

25 AG, PDSC
26
Date: 3/25/24 Time: 12:05 pm
27 Albert C. Lora
28 Deputy Clerk, Superior Court of Guam